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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/737,208	12/16/2003	Stephen D. Gillies	LEX-023	6855
21323 7	590 10/15/2004		EXAMINER	
,	RWITZ & THIBEAU	GALVEZ, JAMES JASON		
HIGH STREET TOWER 125 HIGH STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, MA 02110			1647	

DATE MAILED: 10/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		10/737,208	GILLIES ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		J. Jason Galvez	1647
eriod fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the provision of t	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO ate, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  irty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
tatus			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16	August 2004	
2a)□	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is action is non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow		tters, prosecution as to the merits is
<i>,</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under	•	•
sposit	ion of Claims		
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr		
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.		
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	
pplicat	ion Papers		
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= : :	• •
—	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the B	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
iority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document  2. Certified copies of the priority document	nts have been received.	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bure	•	rreceived in this National Stage
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received
		or the cortined copies he	. 1000,1700.
achmen	t(s)		
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No.	(s)/Mail Date
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/06 er No(s)/Mail Date	8) 5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 10/737,208

Art Unit: 1647

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-26 are pending in the instant application

## Election/Restrictions

5 Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-11 and 16-24, drawn to antibodies and fusion proteins of the antibodies, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1.
- 2. Claims 12-13, drawn to polynucleotides and host cells, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1 and 435, subclass 252.3.
- 3. Claims 14-15, drawn to a method of targeting cells using claimed antibodies, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- 4. Claim 25, drawn to a method of treatment using polynucleotides, classified in class 514, subclass 44.
- 5. Claim 26, drawn to a method of treatment using a cell, classified in class 424, subclass 93.2.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions 1 (antibodies) and 2 (polynucleotides) are distinct from another because polynucleotides, which are composed of purine and pyrimidine units, are structurally distinct molecules than antibodies, which are composed of amino acids consisting of 2 light and 2 heavy chains containing constant and variable regions, and

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including framework regions which act as a scaffold for the 6 complementarity determining regions (CDRs).

Furthermore, the inventions directed to antibodies and polynucleotides have a separate status in the art as shown by their different classifications. For the reasons given above, searching inventions 1 and 2 would impose a serious search burden since a search of the antibodies would not be used to determine the patentability of the polynucleotides, and vice-versa.

Inventions 1 and 3 are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product can be used in another materially different manner, such as a molecular biology tool in assays, which include, but are limited by western blots and immunoprecipitation.

Inventions 1 and 4-5 are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together. In addition, the products of invention 1 are not used in either of invention 4 or 5.

Inventions 2 and 3 are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In

Application/Control Number: 10/737,208

Art Unit: 1647

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the instant case the inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together. In addition, the products of invention 2 are not used in invention 3.

Inventions 2 and 4-5 are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the product can be used in another materially different manner, such as hybridization probes and/or to produce recombinant polypeptides.

Inventions 3-5 are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together. In addition, the different inventions are directed towards different methods that have different starting materials and different modes of operation.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention:

- A) Interleukin
- B) Hematopoietic factor
- 20 C) Lymphokine
  - D) Interferon

Application/Control Number: 10/737,208

Art Unit: 1647

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Page 5

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claim 17, <u>for example</u>, is generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

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The examiner has required restriction between the product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is

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subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejections or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

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Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by

a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, separate search requirement, and divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

If Applicant elects Group 1, a species election from Groups A-D must be chosen to be fully responsive.

20 Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **J. Jason Galvez, Ph.D**. whose telephone number is

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571-272-2935. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday 9 AM to 5 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Brenda Brumback**, **Ph.D.** can be reached at 571-272-0887.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ANET ANDRES